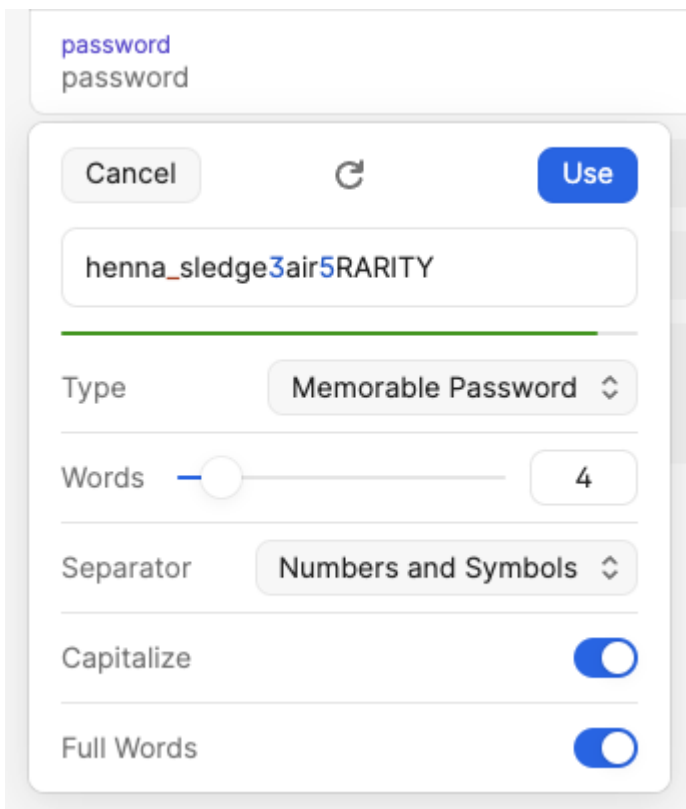


Section 8: Passwords and URLs

Password Generation

When creating passwords we recommend using these settings:

Type:	Memorable Password
Words:	4
Separator:	Numbers and Symbols
Capitalize:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Full Words:	<input type="checkbox"/>



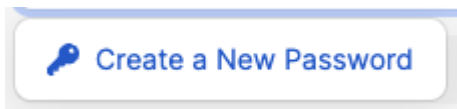
Creating New Passwords

Generally, It's a good idea to have at least 2 or more words, 2 or more special symbols (, . ! @ # \$ % ...), and two or more numbers. Passwords should also be at least 8 characters in length. Longer is better.

If you are 100% certain you'll never need to type the password feel free to use "random password" which generates passwords like `xx-@-P9BWyorjbUaJC.!!Hkeyc` . Otherwise, use a password that's easier to type on the off-chance you might need to.

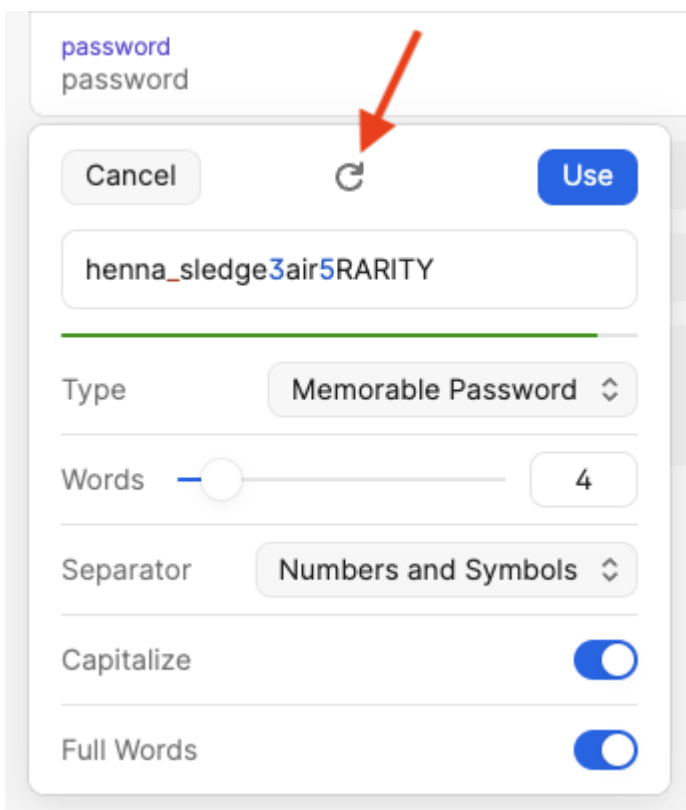
Often you will have to truncate passwords for services - many limit at 16-30 characters. Use longer passwords when possible.

Step 1: Click the "Create a New Password" button



Click in the password field and a button should appear below. Click this to open the password generator.

Step 2: Click the Generate button



The circular arrow is a button to generate a new random password using the parameters that have been set below it. Each time it is clicked, a new password will be created. When you find something you like, click `Use` and it will close the password generator and place that password into the field.

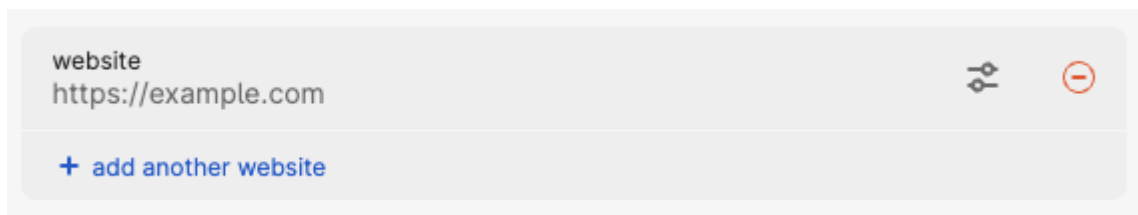
Step 3: Customize the Password

To make the password easier to type, you can change things around; add or remove words, rearrange the order of things, or insert extra symbols.

“ A note about **Password History** ?

Each time you change the password in an item and save, the prior passwords are kept in the Password History. You can retrieve previous passwords by hovering over the `password` field, clicking the down arrow/chevron on the right side, and selecting `View password history` from the menu.

Saving a Website Address (URLs)



It's important to place the account's login URL under the field called `website`. This tells 1Password where to go to `Open and fill` but also allows the browser plugin to recognize what account(s) to suggest for a given website.

When saving website addresses, try to save the login page itself. This means there should be a username/email field to fill in along with a password field.

EMAIL OR PHONE NUMBER *

PASSWORD *

[Forgot your password?](#)

Log In

Need an account? [Register](#)

Generally the address should be short. If it looks long with a bunch of gibberish, it's no good. Long entries are hard to read and may not work. For example a user saved this entry:

```
“ https://accounts.google.com/v3/signin/identifier?continue=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.google.com%2F&ec=GAZAmgQ&hl=en&ifkv=AYZoVheAXvzjjhkSv70zpcIIq-OuoDHUD7b8F9CjEjleWNDIp2KerglCUQCWyC7XP8d97OnBUL_LIQ&passive=true&flowName=GlifWebSignIn&flowEntry=ServiceLogin&dsh=S-905678533%3A1697146625473206&theme=glif
```

This entry may cause unintended effects if you open the app and click Open & Fill. So avoid putting URLs like that into the `website` field in your 1Password entry.

Instead, use either:

```
“ https://www.example.com/login
```

or just:

```
“ https://www.example.com/
```

Some websites have sign-in or login popups within the webpage. For those cases, just put the main domain URL (`https:// www. example .org/`). The broader entry is better if you're not sure about the exact login address or just don't care to be too specific. Use more specific entries (like the one including `wp-login.php`) if you want to be able to click on the entry in 1pw and have it open the site and fill in your details for you.

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Updated 2025-02-10 23:08:42 UTC by Corban Monger